CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Anand Prakash Jain B.Com.LLB, F.C.A., A. C.S., Phone: 9314680888 (Mobile)

Email: anandjain175@hotmail.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF RITCO TRAVELS AND TOURS PRIVATE LIMITED Report on the Audit of the standalone Financial Statements Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Ritco Travels And Tours Private Limited, which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information .

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (herein referred after as "the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the standalone state of affairs (financial position) of the Company as at March 31, 2022, the standalone Profit/ loss and total comprehensive income/loss (financial performance), standalone changes in equity and its standalone cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Emphasis of Matter

As more particularly described in Note No.30(16) assessing the impact of global pandemic Covid 19 coupled with its new variants, company has considered the internal and external information upto the date of this report in respect of recoverability of receivables as well as taking various steps to improve liquidity by issue of further shares . The eventual outcome of the pandemic may be different from that estimated in assessing the recoverability of these assets

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Anand Prakash Jain B.Com.LLB, F.C.A., A. C.S., Phone: 9314680888 (Mobile)

Email: anandjain175@hotmail.com

Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Anand Prakash Jain B.Com.LLB, F.C.A., A. C.S., Phone: 9314680888 (Mobile)

Email: anandjain175@hotmail.com

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material mis-statement when it exists. Mis-statements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system with reference to standalone financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Anand Prakash Jain B.Com.LLB, F.C.A., A. C.S., Phone: 9314680888 (Mobile)

Email: anandjain175@hotmail.com

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation. Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting standards) Rules, 2015 as amended.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Anand Prakash Jain B.Com.LLB, F.C.A., A. C.S., Phone: 9314680888 (Mobile) Email: anandjain175@hotmail.com

f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to standalone financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A".

g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, as the company is a private limited company, provisions of section 197 of the Act are not applicable to the company.

- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements. Refer note no. 26 to the financial statements.
- ii. The Company did not have material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
- iii. The Company had no amounts to be transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund and consequently there has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- iv. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to accounts,
- a) no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall whether directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of ultimate beneficiaries;



CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Anand Prakash Jain B.Com.LLB, F.C.A., A. C.S., Phone: 9314680888 (Mobile)

Email: anandjain175@hotmail.com

b) no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies) including foreign entities ("Funding Parties") with the understanding whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that such company shall whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the funding party (ultimate beneficiaries) or provide guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate beneficiaries

Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and Appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the above representations under sub clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 given by the management contain any material mis-statement.

- v) Company has not declared or paid any interim or final dividend during the year.
- 2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For ANAND JAIN & CO. Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No.001857C

(ANAND PRAKASH JAIN)

Proprietor M.No.071045

UDIN 22071045AIOQQE7794

Place: Jaipur

Date: 23 04 2022

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Anand Prakash Jain B.Com.LLB, F.C.A., A. C.S., Phone: 9314680888 (Mobile)

Email: anandjain175@hotmail.com

ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Ritco Travels and Tours Private Limited of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Subsection 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Ritco Travels and Tours Private Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a

5th Floor, 556, Sunny Mart, New Aatish market, Mansarovar, Jaipur- 302020

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Anand Prakash Jain B.Com.LLB, F.C.A., A. C.S., Phone: 9314680888 (Mobile)

Email: anandjain175@hotmail.com

material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Company.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Anand Prakash Jain B.Com.LLB, F.C.A., A. C.S., Phone: 9314680888 (Mobile)

Email: anandjain175@hotmail.com

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For ANAND JAIN & CO. Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No.001857C

(ANAND PRAKASH JAIN)

Proprietor M.No.071045 Place: Jaipur

Date: 23/04/2022

UDIN 22071045AIOQQE7794

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Anand Prakash Jain B.Com., LLB, F.C.A., A. C.S., Phone: 9314680888 (Mobile)

Email: anandjain175@hotmail.com

ANNEXURE 'B' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Ritco Travels and Tours Private Limited of even date)

- i. In respect of the Company's Property, Plant and Equipments:
- (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipments. However such records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of certain fixed assets are being updated. There was no right of use assets.
- (b) The Company has maintained proper record showing full particulars of intangible assets.
- (c) The Company has a program of verification to cover all the items of fixed assets in a phased manner over a period of three years. Pursuant to the program, certain fixed assets were physically verified by the management during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.
- (d) In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, the records examined by us and based on the examination of the conveyance deeds / registered sale deed provided to us, we report that, the title deeds, of immovable properties held as on 31st March, 2022 are held in the name of the Company.
- (d) The company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipments during the year. There was no right of use assets.
- (e) As per the information and explanations given, no proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the company as at 31st March, 2022 for holding any benami Property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Anand Prakash Jain B.Com.LLB, F.C.A., A. C.S., Phone: 9314680888 (Mobile)

Email: anandjain175@hotmail.com

ii. In respect of company's Inventory:

à Jain a

The Company is a service Company, primarily rendering tour and travel services. Accordingly the Company does not have any inventory and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable.

- c) As per book records and information available and explanations given, during the year, the company has been sanctioned working capital term loan of Rs. One crore in addition to existing working capital term loan and overdraft facility sanctioned for RS.608.08 lacs and Rs.100 lacs respectively during previous year from bank on the basis of security of current assets. Company is not submitting any quarterly return or statements to the Bank as in the opinion of company, there is no requirement for submitting the same as no calculation of DP is involved. As no return/statement is being submitted, question of same being in agreement with the books of account of the Company, does not arise.
- iii. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made investments in , provided guarantee or security or granted loans or advances in nature of loan, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnership or any other parties. Accordingly reporting under clause 3(iii)(a) to (f) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Act with respect to grant of loans, making investments, giving guarantees and providing securities, to the extent applicable.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposit or amounts which are deemed to be deposits. Hence, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable. As per the information & explanations given to us no order has been passed by Company Law Board, or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any Court or any other tribunal in this respect and hence question of its compliance does not arise.
- vi. The maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act for the business activities carried out by the Company, thus reporting under clause 3(vi) of the order is not applicable to the Company.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Anand Prakash Jain B.Com.LLB, F.C.A., A. C.S., Phone: 9314680888 (Mobile)

Email: anandjain175@hotmail.com

- vii. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, Company has generally been regular in depositing with appropriate authorities amount deducted/ accrued in the books of accounts in respect of undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, duty of Customs duty of excise, value added tax, Cess and other material statutory dues as are applicable to it.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there were no arrears/dues of undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, duty of Customs duty of excise, value added tax, Cess and other material statutory dues as at March 31, 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (c) There were no statutory dues referred to in para (a) above which have not been deposited on account of any dispute, hence the reporting requirements under clause (vii) of the order are not applicable to the Company
- viii. There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961)
- ix. (a) The Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender including banks, financial institutions or government, during the year.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures we report that the Company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority or any other lender.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given, in our opinion term loans taken were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.
- (d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company

Jain &

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Anand Prakash Jain B.Com.LLB, F.C.A., A. C.S., Phone: 9314680888 (Mobile)

Email: anandjain175@hotmail.com

- (e)) Company has no subsidiary hence reporting relating to taking any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures under clause 3 (ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable.
- (f) The company has not raised loans during the year on pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, Joint venture or associate companies.
- x. (a) The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- (b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable. However company has issued Equity shares on right basis under Section 62 of Companies Act, 2013 to existing shareholder i.e. holding company who renounced the same in favour of another subsidiary company Transcorp Estate Private Limited . Fellow subsidiary company, Transcorp Estates Private limited subscribed and was allotted 500000 Equity shares of face value of Rs. 10/- each. This issue and allotment of Equity shares was in compliance to the requirements of Section 62 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- xi. (a) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year. However during earlier years i) instance of unauthorized use by unknown person of the portal of Airline by using the ID of Company for making tickets costing Rs. 80083/-was observed . Pending action , provision for loss if any which may arise, has not been accounted for so far. Ii) a petition had been filed by one of the vendors against the company under Insovency and bankruptcy code before NCLT for recovery of a sum of RS.121.52 lacs. Based on legal view provided by legal experts, in the opinion of company the matter is not maintainable and hence no provision for the same has been made.
- (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Anand Prakash Jain B.Com.LLB, F.C.A., A. C.S., Phone: 9314680888 (Mobile)

Email: anandjain175@hotmail.com

(c) To the best of our information and explanations given to us no whistle blower complaints were received by the company.

xii In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause 3 (xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

xiii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.

xiv. In our opinion and based on our examination, the company does not have an internal audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system as per provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

xv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected to its directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company

xvi. (a) In our opinion and based on the explanations given to us by the management the Company is not required to get itself registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.

(b) In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.

xvii. The company has incurred cash losses in the current financial year and in the immediate preceding financial year.

xviii. To the best of our knowledge there has not been any resignation of statutory auditor during the year.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Anand Prakash Jain

B.Com.LLB, F.C.A., A. C.S., Phone: 9314680888 (Mobile)

Email: anandjain175@hotmail.com

xix On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due

xx. In view of non applicability of Section 135 of Companies Act during the year to the company, reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) and (b) of the Order is not applicable.

For ANAND JAIN & CO. Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 001857C

(ANAND PRAKASH JAIN)

Proprietor

M.No.071045

Place: Jaipur

Date: 23/04/2022

UDIN 22071045AI6QQE7794

Ritco Travels and Tours Private Limited

(A wholly owned subsidiary of Transcorp International Limited)

Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2022

Ва	lance Sheet as at 31st March,2022		(Amour	nt in lacs)
	Particulars	Note No.	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
	ASSETS		and a second sec	
1	Non-current assets			
	(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	2	307.23	320.79
	(b) Other Intangible assets	3	28.62	36.46
	(c) Rental Lease Assets			₹ 7 00
	(d) Financial Assets			
	(i) Loans	4	$\frac{2}{R}$	•
	(ii) Others	5	5.19	5.19
	(e) Deferred tax assets(net)(f) Other non current assets	6&17 7	129.16 0.05	71.88 0.01
	(1) Other Hori current assets	′ _	470.25	434.33
2)	Current assets	-	3	
	(a) Financial Assets			
	(i) Trade Receivable	8	649.51	696.40
	(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	9	2.06	11.65
	(iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	10	27.75	26.55
	(iv) Loans	11(a)	-	3 4 ×
	(iv) Other Financial assets	11(b)	320.54	339.35
	(b) Current Tax Assets (Net)	12	30.22	59.21
	(c) Other current assets	13	30.81	39.65
			1,060.89	1,172.82
	Total Assets	_	1,531.14	1,607.15
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
	Equity			
	(a) Equity Share capital	14	338.89	288.89
	(b) Other Equity	15 _	0.37	63.51
	LIABILITIES	_	339.26	352.40
1	Non-current liabilities			
	(a) Financial Liabilities			
	(i) Borrowings			
	(ia) Borrowings other than (ib)	16	606.08	584.16
	(ib) Lease liabilities		_	-
	(b) Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	17	a ≡	_
	(c) Other non-current liabilities	18	±	=
	(6, 63.6. 1.5. 63.6. 1.5.	-	606.08	584.16
2	Current liabilities			
	(a) Financial Liabilities			
	(i) Borrowings			
	(ia) Borrowings other than (ib)	19	391.70	430.10
	(ib) Lease liabilities)	-
	JAIPUR S	T.		

(iii) Trade payables	20		
(a) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises & small enterprises; and	i	5	12
(b) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises & small enterprises	ii	56.62	25.64
(iv) Other financial liabilities (other than those specified in item (c)	21	26.27	32.30
(b) Other current liabilities	22	111.21	182.54
(c) Provisions		•	#
		585.80	670.59
Total Equity and Liabilities		1,531.14	1,607.15
15 11 11 12 W V	_		

Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of financial statements 1-30

Other Explanatory Information

30

The notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For ANAND JAIN & CO.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Ritco Travels and Tours Private Limited

FRN 001857C

Chartered Accountants

(Anand Prakash Jain)

(Hem Kumar Bhargava)

Manisha Gaswal
(Manisha Agarwal)

Proprietor

M. No. 071045

Place: Jaipur

Date: 23/04/2022

Director

DIN:-03230480

(Non Executive Chairperson)

DIN:-00453971

(Dilip Kumar Morwal)

(Group Company Secretary)

ACS 17572

Jein & Sein & Se

UDIN 22071045AIOQBE7794

Statement of profit and loss for year ended on 31st March 2022

Statement of proneuna 1000 to. year enges on		(Amount	in lacs)
PARTICULARS	Note No.	Year ended 31.03.2022	Year ended 31.03.2021
I Revenue from operations	23	241.59	162.42
II Other income	24	8.26	12.51
III Total Income	e (I + II)	249.85	174.93
IV Expenses:			
Purchase of Stock in Trade		82	ê ≅
Employee benefits expense	25	144.92	143.60
Finance costs	26	91.32	111.07
Depreciation and Amortisation	27	20.66	38.00
Vehicle Operating Expenses	28	14.76	13.75
Other expenses	29	199.33	82.66
Provision for Trade Receivable Impairment		.=	-
Total exper	nses (IV)	470.99	389.07
V Profit before exceptional items & tax(III-IV		(221.14)	(214.14)
VI Exceptional Items		2222 2 24	-
VII Profit/(loss) before tax (V-VI)		(221.14)	(214.14)
VIII Tax expense: Current tax		, ·	-
MAT Credit set off/ /Carried Forward		-	-
Deferred tax liability(+)/assets(-)		(57.71)	(56.74)
Income tax for earlier year		(56.81)	4.86 (51.88)
Total Tax Expenses Profit/(loss) for the period from continuing			6 2 119
operations (VII-VIII)		(164.33)	(162.26)
X Profit/(Loss) from discontinued operations		3 *	-
XI Tax expense of discontinued operations	(after	-	. -
Profit/(Loss) from discontinued operations (XII tax) (X-XI)	(arter	% ≟ %	-
XIII Profit/(loss) for the period (IX+XII)		(164.33)	(162.26)
XIV Other Comprehensive Income			
A(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or Re-measurement gains (losses) on defined benefi	OSS t nlans	:=:	
transferred to oci	c piano	1.63	10.27
(ii) Income tax on above		(0.42)	(2.67)
Total		1.21	7.60
Total Comprehensive Income for the period XV (XIII+XIV) (Comprising Profit(Loss) and Ot	her	(163.12)	(154.66)
Comprehensive Income for the period)		(
Farnings per equity share (for continuing			
operation):			NE EC - 2 (98)
(1) Basic		(5.53)	(5.62)
(2) Diluted		(5.53)	(5.62)

Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of financial statements 1-30

Other Explanatory Information

The notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements As per our report of even date attached

For ANAND JAIN & CO.

FRN 001857C

Chartered Accountants

(Anand Prakash Jain) **Proprietor**

M. No. 071045 Place: Jaipur Date: 23/04/2022 (Hem Kumar Bhargava)

Director DIN:-03230480

(Manisha Agarwal) (Non Executive Chairperson) DIN:-00453971

(Dilip Kumar Morwal) (Group Company Secretary) ACS 17572

UDIN 22071045ATOQQE7794



Ritco Travels and Tours Private Limited - (A wholly owned subsidiary of Transcorp International Limited) Statement of profit and loss for year ended on 31st March 2022

Note No.23 Revenue from operations		(Amount in la	cs)
		ar ended .03.2022	Year ended 31.03.2021
Particulars			31.03.2021
Sale of services Other Operating Revenue		241.57 0.02	129.14 33.28
Total		241.59	162.42
Details of Services rendered		457.00	70.57
Ticketing Tours, Hotels & Allied Activities Vehicle Rentals		157.99 56.32 25.26	78.67 28.32 21.13
Others Total		2.00 241.57	1.02 129.14
Details Of Other Operating Revenue		72.22	
Unspent Liabilities Written Back/Claims (Net) Foreign Exchange Revenue Others		0.02 - -	1.47 - 31.81
Total		0.02	33.28
Note no. 24 Other Income			
		or ended 03.2022	Year ended 31.03.2021
Particulars Interest income Others Interest		4.06	8.31
Rent Income Total		4.20 8.26	4.20 12.51
Note No. 25 Employee benefits			
Particulars		r ended 03.2022	Year ended 31.03.2021
Salaries, bonus and other allowances Contribution to provident and other funds Inc Gratuity	cluding Charges	136.62 6.28 1.62	133.62 6.84 2.92
Staff Recruitment and training Expenses Staff welfare Total		0.39 144.92	0.21 143.60
		25 50	85.00 COM 200 CS c
Note no. 26 Finance cost			
Particulars		r ended 03.2022	Year ended 31.03.2021
Interest expense		91.32	111.07
Other borrowing costs Total	,/=	91.32	111.07

Ritco Travels and Tours Private Limited

(A wholly owned subsidiary of Transcorp International Limited)

Statement of profit and loss for year ended on 31st March 2022

Note No. 27 Depreciation and amortisation

Particulars	Year ended 31.03.2022	Year ended 31.03.2021
On Property, Plant & Equipment	12.82	18.35
On Intangible Assets	7.84	10.18
On Rental Lease Assets Total	20.66	9.47 38.00

Note no. 28 Vehicle Operating Expenses

Particulars	Year ended 31.03.2022	Year ended 31.03.2021
Vehicle Trip Expenses	12.1	4 10.57
Vehicle Taxes	0.20	6 0.10
Vehicle Insurance	1.04	4 1.11
Vehicle repairs and Maintenance	0.43	3 0.89
Input GST	0.89	9 1.08
Total	14.76	13.75
And the second s		

Note No. 29 Other expenses

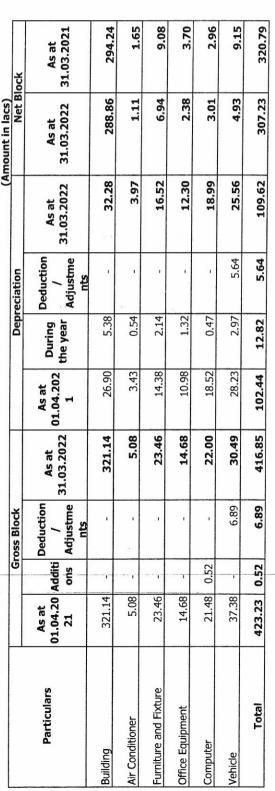
Particulars	Year ended 31.03.2022	Year ended 31.03.2021
Rent Paid	5.65	-
Repairs and Maintenance	19.43	14.55
Insurance	1.92	2.82
Rates & Taxes	1.93	0.14
Electricity & Water	3.45	3.39
Printing & Stationery	0.26	0.14
Travelling and Conveyance	5.77	1.02
Communication costs	3.36	3.29
Legal and Professional Charges	13.00	11.28
Directors Sitting Fees	0.83	0.83
Payment To Auditors		
Audit Fees	1.60	1.60
Tax Audit Fees	0.75	0.75
Review Fees	0.47	0.47
Bad & Doubtful Debs / w/off	111.77	21.52
Bank Charges	2.91	1.02
Miscellaneous Expenses	0.37	1.18
Commission, brokerage , Discounts & Write offs	21.95	15.85
Membership and Subscriptions	3.90	2.82
Advertisment & Publicity		_
Total	199.33	82.66

RITCO TRAVELS AND TOURS PRIVATE LIMITED

(A wholly owned subsidiary of Transcorp International Limited)

Notes to Financial statements as at 31st March, 2022

Non Current Assets- Property, Plant & Equipment Note 2



1. Useful Lives as per Schedule II to the Compan

60 Years 5 Years Air Conditioner Building

10 Years Furniture and Fixture

5 Years 3 Years Office Equipment Computer

6 to 8 Years Vehicle

Non Current assets - Intangible Assets

		-								
		<u>ن</u>	Gross Block			Depi	Depreciation		Net Block	lock
Particulars	As at 01.04.20 21	Additi ons	Deduction / Adjustme	As at 31.03.2022	As at As at During Deduction 1.03.2022 1 Adjustme	During the year	Deduction / / Adjustme	As at 31.03.2022	As at As at 31.03.2021	As at 31.03.2021
Vebsite development &										
Software costs	81.66	ï	_	81.66	45.20	7.84	ş)	53.04	28.62	36.46
Total	81.66	ı	1	81.66	45.20 7.84	7.84	1	53.04	28.62	36.46

Gross Block includes Rs. 50.25 Lakh paid to IRCTC towards integration charges which is being amortised over a period of ten years considering the perpetual use of integration facility assuming renewel/extension of agreement for a longer period.

1. Useful Lives as per Schedule II to the Compan

3 to 10 Years Computer Software

RITCO TRAVELS AND TOURS PRIVATE LIMITED
(A wholly owned subsidiary of Transcorp International Limited)
Notes to financial statements as at 31st March, 2022

Notes to imalicial statements as at 515t Platen, 202	(Amoun	t in lacs)
Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Note 4 Non Current Financial Assets- Loans Unsecured, considered good Loans Total		<u>-</u>
Note5		
Non Current Financial Assets- Others		
Security Deposits	5.19	5.19
Other bank balances Total	5.19	5.19
Note 6 Other Non Current Assets		
Deffered Tax Assets MAT Credit Entitlement Total	27.55 27.55	27.55 27.55
Note 7 Other Non Current Assets		
Prepaid expenses Total	0.05 0.05	0.01 0.01
Note 8 Current Financial Assets		
Trade Receivables		
Unsecured, Considered good	753.63	800.52
(includes Rs NIL receivable from holding company		
net of expenses payable)		
Unsecured which have significant increase in credit risk	-) - .
Unsecured with Credit Impairment	-	11
Less:- Provision for Impairment	(104.12)	(104.12)
Total	649.51	696.40
Note 9 Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Balances with banks		
- In current accounts - In CC accounts-HDFC bank	0.37 0.02	10.92 0.02
Cash on hand	1.67	0.71
Total Note 10	2.06	11.65
Bank Balances Other the cash and cash Equivalents	8.	
Balances with banks		
Deposit with original maturity more then three month and		
maturing with in twelve months (including Interest Accrued) (Under lien for cash credit limit with BOB)	27.75	26.55
(constant of contract mile man bob)	27.75	26.55



26.55 **26.55**

RITCO TRAVELS AND TOURS PRIVATE LIMITED

(A wholly owned subsidiary of Transcorp International Limited) Notes to financial statements as at 31st March, 2022

	(Amount	in lacs)
Particulars	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Note 11(a) Current Financial Assets : Unsecured, considered good		
Loans: i) Loans and advances to related parties	* <u>#</u>	*
ii) Others	-	
Total		
Note 11(b) Current Financial Assets: Unsecured, considered good Other Financial Assets: Security Deposits (Includes Rs. 14 lacs under Joint bank		
Guarantee agreement with TAFI) [See Note No. 30(9)] Advances recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be	40.63	33.63
received or pending adjustments	279.90	305.72
Total	320.54	339.35
Note 12		
Current Tax Assets (Net)		
TDS Receivable	30.22	53.81
GST on Advance	0.00	5.40
Current Tax Liabilities (Net) Total	30.22	59.21
Note13		
Other Current Assets		
Other Advances	25.79	32.46
Prepaid expenses Total	5.02 30.81	7.19 39.65



Mit de la constant de

RITCO TRAVELS AND TOURS PRIVATE LIMITED

% Change during the year

(A wholly owned subsidiary of Transcorp International Limited)

Notes to financial statements as at 31st March, 2022

	Note -14 Share capital	(Amount i	n lacs)	
	Particulars	As at		As a	at
	Particulars	31st March, 2	2022	31st Marc	h, 2021
	Academic	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
	Authorised Equity shares of Rs. 10 each	4,500,000	450.00	3,000,000	300.00
	Equity shares of NS. 10 each	4,500,000			300.00
	Issued, subscribed and paid up				
	Equity shares of Rs. 10 each	3,388,888	338.89	2,888,888	288.89
		3,388,888	338.89	2,888,888	288.89
<i>(</i> :)	Decensification of chause cutotanding at the he		. d . e e e e e		. al.
(i)	Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the be	gi <u>nning and at the er</u> As at	id of the r	eporting perio	
	Particulars	31st March,2	022	31st Marc	100
	ACTION AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE PROPERTY OF T	Number	Amount		Amount
	Equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the				
	year	2,888,888	288.89	2,888,888	288.89
	Add : Issued during the year	500,000	50.00		-
	Shares outstanding at the end of the period	3,388,888	338.89	2,888,888	288.89
(iii)	Shares held by holding company	As at		As a	
(iii)	Shares held by holding company Particulars	As at 31st March,2	022	As a 31st March	1, 2021
(iii)	Particulars Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up held by		022 Amount	31st March	
(iii)	Particulars Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up held by Transcorp International Limited , the holding	31st March,2 Number	Amount	31st March Number	1, 2021 Amount
(iii)	Particulars Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up held by	31st March,2		31st March	1, 2021
	Particulars Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up held by Transcorp International Limited , the holding	31st March,2 Number 2,888,888 2,888,888	288.89 288.89	31st March Number 2,888,888	1, 2021 Amount 288.89
	Particulars Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up held by Transcorp International Limited , the holding company including its nominees	31st March,2 Number 2,888,888 2,888,888 5% shares in the Cor	288.89 288.89 288.89	31st March Number 2,888,888 2,888,888 As a	288.89 288.89
	Particulars Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up held by Transcorp International Limited , the holding company including its nominees	31st March,2 Number 2,888,888 2,888,888 2,888,888 5% shares in the Cor As at 31st March,2	288.89 288.89 mpany	31st March Number 2,888,888 2,888,888 As a 31st March	288.89 288.89 288.89
	Particulars Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up held by Transcorp International Limited , the holding company including its nominees	31st March,2 Number 2,888,888 2,888,888 5% shares in the Cor	288.89 288.89 288.89	31st March Number 2,888,888 2,888,888 As a	288.89 288.89
(iv)	Particulars Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up held by Transcorp International Limited , the holding company including its nominees	31st March,2 Number 2,888,888 2,888,888 2,888,888 5% shares in the Cor As at 31st March,2	288.89 288.89 mpany	31st March Number 2,888,888 2,888,888 As a 31st March Number	288.89 288.89 288.89
(iv)	Particulars Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up held by Transcorp International Limited , the holding company including its nominees Particulars of shareholders holding more than	31st March,2 Number 2,888,888 2,888,888 5% shares in the Cor As at 31st March,2 Number	288.89 288.89 mpany 022	31st March Number 2,888,888 2,888,888 2,888,888 As a 31st March Number 2,888,888	288.89 288.89 288.89
(iv)	Particulars Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up held by Transcorp International Limited , the holding company including its nominees Particulars of shareholders holding more than Transcorp International Limited, Holding Company	31st March,2 Number 2,888,888 2,888,888 2,888,888 5% shares in the Cor As at 31st March,2 Number 2,888,888	288.89 288.89 mpany 022 % 85.25%	31st March Number 2,888,888 2,888,888 2,888,888 As a 31st March Number 2,888,888	288.89 288.89 288.89
(iv)	Particulars Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up held by Transcorp International Limited , the holding company including its nominees Particulars of shareholders holding more than Transcorp International Limited, Holding Company Transcorp Estates Private Limited-fellow subsidiary	31st March,2 Number 2,888,888 2,888,888 2,888,888 5% shares in the Cor As at 31st March,2 Number 2,888,888 500,000 3,388,888	288.89 288.89 mpany 022 % 85.25% 14.75%	31st March Number 2,888,888 2,888,888 2,888,888 As a 31st March Number 2,888,888	288.89 288.89 288.89 100%
(iv)	Particulars Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up held by Transcorp International Limited , the holding company including its nominees Particulars of shareholders holding more than Transcorp International Limited, Holding Company	31st March,2 Number 2,888,888 2,888,888 2,888,888 5% shares in the Cor As at 31st March,2 Number 2,888,888 500,000	288.89 288.89 mpany 022 % 85.25% 14.75% 100%	31st March Number 2,888,888 2,888,888 2,888,888 As a 31st March Number 2,888,888	288.89 288.89 288.89 100%
(iv)	Particulars Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up held by Transcorp International Limited, the holding company including its nominees Particulars of shareholders holding more than Transcorp International Limited, Holding Company Transcorp Estates Private Limited-fellow subsidiary Shareholding of promoters	31st March,2 Number 2,888,888 2,888,888 2,888,888 50% shares in the Cor As at 31st March,2 Number 2,888,888 500,000 3,388,888 As at 31st March,2	288.89 288.89 mpany 022 % 85.25% 14.75% 100%	31st March Number 2,888,888 2,888,888 2,888,888 As a 31st March 2,888,888 As a 31st March	288.89 288.89 288.89 288.89 100%
(iv)	Particulars Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up held by Transcorp International Limited, the holding company including its nominees Particulars of shareholders holding more than Transcorp International Limited, Holding Company Transcorp Estates Private Limited-fellow subsidiary Shareholding of promoters Name of Promoter/Class of share	31st March,2 Number 2,888,888 2,888,888 2,888,888 50,000 3,388,888 As at	288.89 288.89 mpany 022 % 85.25% 14.75% 100%	31st March Number 2,888,888 2,888,888 2,888,888 As a 31st March 2,888,888 - 2,888,888 As a 31st March	288.89 288.89 288.89 100%
(iv)	Particulars Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up held by Transcorp International Limited, the holding company including its nominees Particulars of shareholders holding more than Transcorp International Limited, Holding Company Transcorp Estates Private Limited-fellow subsidiary Shareholding of promoters	31st March,2 Number 2,888,888 2,888,888 2,888,888 50% shares in the Cor As at 31st March,2 Number 2,888,888 500,000 3,388,888 As at 31st March,2	288.89 288.89 mpany 022 % 85.25% 14.75% 100%	31st March Number 2,888,888 2,888,888 2,888,888 As a 31st March 2,888,888 As a 31st March	288.89 288.89 288.89 100% 100%

(vi) As per record of the company, including its register of shareholder/ members and other declaration received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

RITCO TRAVELS AND TOURS PRIVATE LIMITED (A wholly owned subsidiary of Transcorp International Limited)
Notes to financial statements as at 31st March, 2022

A. Equity Share Capital

288.89	Balance as at 01.04.2021	
50.00	Changes in equity share Balance as capital at during the 31.03.2022	
	1 1	
338.89 288.89	o °	
ï.	he y	(Amoun
288.89	Balance as at 01.04.2	'Amount in lace)

Ç.
9
ĕ
Eq
5

	Share	Equity		Reserve and surplus	nd surplus	v	Daniel Links	Re-	
Particulars	application component Capital Securities General Retained Revaluation me	component	Capital	Securities	General	Retained	Kevaluado	measureme	Total
	money	of	Reserve	Reserve Premium Reserve Earnings	Reserve	Earnings	n surpius	R.	
Balance as at 01.04.2021	-	-		310.11		-253.40	1	6.80	63.51
Total Comprehensive Income for									

A CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF THE P	IIIOIICY	2	NOUGH VO		ACCOUNT VI	Sollings		T	
Balance as at 01.04.2021	•			310.11		-253.40	1	6.80	63.51
Total Comprehensive Income for									
the Year						-164 34		1	
Cash dividends						101:01		1.2.1	CT.CO.T.
Dividend distribution tax on cash						3			,
dividend						ı			
Transfer to retained earnings						ı	139		i d
Issue of share capital				100.00		ii 1			3
Reinstatement of the investment in							×		1
shares of subsidiary and Joint						ı			i
Increase in non controlling interest						300			1
due to issue of shares.									l.
Grant received during the year						r			
IND AS Adjustment on recongnition									
of Right to use Asset in respect of									
Leases as per IND AS 116						ı			'
Balance as at 31.03.2022	,	1		410.11	1	-417.74	ı	8.00	0.38
Balance as at 01.04.2020	-			310.11		-91.14	1	-0.81	218.16

the Year Cash dividends

-162.26

7.60

-154.66

Total Comprehensive Income for

dividend

Dividend distribution tax on cash

Grant received during the year INU AS Adjustment on recongnition of Right to use Asset in respect of

Leases as per IND AS 116

Balance as at 31.03.2021

310.11

-253.40

6.80

63.51

shares of subsidiary and Joint

Increase in non controlling interest

Transfer to retained earnings Issue of share capital Reinstatement of the investment in

due to issue of shares.



RITCO TRAVELS AND TOURS PRIVATE LIMITED
(A wholly owned subsidiary of Transcorp International Limited)
Notes to financial statements as at 31st March, 2022

Total	ADDITIONAL WORKING CAPITAL TERM LOAN FROM BANK OF BARODA Secured by Hypothecation of all stocks, book debts and movable fixed assets present and future of company, equitable mortgage of specific immovable property of company, specific immovable property of holding company and Lien on Fixed Deposit Terms of Repayment: Repayable in 36 instalments ranging from Rs 2,77,000/- to Rs.2,77,800 w.e.f.December 2023 INTEREST 7.50%	WORKING CAPITAL TERM LOAN FROM BANK OF BARODA Secured by Hypothecation of all stocks, book debts and movable fixed assets present and future of company, equitable mortgage of specific immovable property of company, specific immovable property of holding company and Lien on Fixed Deposit and corporate auarantee of holding company. Terms of Repayment: Repayable in 72 instalments ranging from Rs.6 lacs to Rs.11 lacs w.e.f.26.12.2021 INTEREST 8.10%	Note 16 Non Current Financial Liabilities- Borrowings Secured - Term Loans from banks HDFC Bank Limited Against hypothecation of specific vehicle and repayable in 36 monthly instalments of Rs.13800 from the date of loan inclusive of interest @ 10.76 %	Total	Note 15 Other Equity Securities Premium Account Retained Earnings Other Reserves- FVTOCI Reserve	Particulars	
606.08	100.00	506,08	As at 3 Non Current				
72.00		72.00	As at 31.03.2022 Current	0.37	410.11 (417.74) 8.00	As at 31.03.2022	(Amo
584.16		584.16	As at 31.03.2021 Non Current	63.51	310.11 (253.40) 6.80	As at 31.03.2021	(Amount in lacs)
25.56		24.00	Current 1.56	â			I



Unsecured From Related Parties Transcorp International Ltd - Holding Company Ayan Fintrade Pvt. Ltd. Bhabani Pigments Pvt. Ltd. Interest accured but not Due- Bhabani Pigments Pvt Ltd. Security Deposits Deposits from Holding Company Deposits from others Current maturities of Long term Borrowings Current maturities of Long term Borrowings	Note 19 Current Financial Liabilities- Borrowings Secured- Bank of Baroda Secured by Hypothecation of all stocks, book debts and movable fixed assets present and future of company, equitable mortgage of specific immovable property of company ,specific immovable property of holding company and Lien on Fixed Deposit and corporate quarantee of holding company. Cash Credit Limit Overdraft FITL	Note 18 Other non-current liabilities Income received but not accrued Total	Total	Unabsorbed Loss Net Deferred Tax Liability	Employee benefits Disallowances under Section 43B	- Depreciation Deferred tax assets	Deferred tax liability/ (Assets on OCI) Difference between accounting and tax	Note 17 Deferred tax liability Deferred tax liability
67.38 150.00 2.10 1.00 4.05 72.00	95.16		(101.62)	(58.10) (57.71)	(0.42) 0.01	0.80	0.42	(Am As at 31.03,2022 (44.33)
95.38 200.00 4.11 1.00 4.05 25.56	100.00		(44.33)	(73.19) (54.07)	(0.66) 0.69	(0.02)	2.67	(Amount in lacs) 2
Reio & Anan								.1

RITCO TRAVELS AND TOURS PRIVATE LIMITED (A wholly owned subsidiary of Transcorp International Limited) Notes to financial statements as at 31st March,2022

(Amount in Lacs)

25.64	56.62	10(2)
		enterprises under MSMED Act, 2006 *
25.64	56.62	& small enterprises Amount of principal and interest due/paid to micro and small
× 7	e _L	(a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises & small enterprises b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises
		Trade Payables Trade Payables
		Note 20
As at 31.03.2021	As at 31.03.2022	Particulars

Entrepreneurs Memorandum Number as allocated after filing of the Memorandum. No such information is available with the management and consequently , there are no overdues outstanding to micro and small enterprises as defined *The Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises has issued an Office Memorandum dated 26 August 2008 which recommends that the Micro and Small Enterprises should mention in their correspondence with its customers the under Micro, Small and Medium enterprises Development Act, 2006. Further, the Company has not received any claim

Note 21 Current Liabilities - Other Financial Liablities

rendered] **Total** Expenses and other payables [including payable to holding co. Rs.5,08,600/- (P.Y. Rs.12,51,621/-) net of recovery for services

182.54	111.21	IOCAI
160,45	103.41	Advance from customers
11.46	700000000000000000000000000000000000000	Income received but not accrued
10.62	7.80	TDS /PF/ESI /Bonus and other statutory obligations
		Other Current Liablities
		Note 22
32.30	26.27	Total
32.30	26.27	rendered]
		RS.5,U8,bUU/- (P.Y. RS.12,51,b21/-) net of recovery for services



Ritco Travels and Tours Private Limited

(A wholly owned subsidiary of Transcorp International Limited)

Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2022

Balance Sheet as at 31st March,2022		31.03.2022	31.03.2021	% chang	Reasons for variance % change more than 25%	
1 CURRENT RATIO						
CURRENT ASSETS	N	1060.88			NOT APPLICABLE	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	D	585.79			551555 (4.2.1.1.1) - 4415 (4.3.1.1.1.1) - 4415 (4.3.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.	
CURRENT RATIO		1.81	1.75	3.55		
2 DETURN ON FOLITY DATIO			-	 		
2 RETURN ON EQUITY RATIO	N	-164.33	-162.25		1400 A O 100 A	
NET PROFIT AFTER TAX	D	331.27			NOT APPLICABLE	
SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY(net off FVOCI reserves)	10	-49.61				
RETURN ON EQUITY RATIO	_	-45.01	40.55	3.03		
3 TRADE RECEIVABLES TURNOVER RATIO		1				
TOTAL SALES	N	241.59	162.42		Reduction in trade receivables during the year coupled wit	
TRADE RECEIVABLES	D	649.51	696.4		increase in sales	
TRADE RECEIVABLES TURNOVER RATIO		0.37	0.23	59.48		
4 TRADE PAYABLE TURNOVER RATIO			462.43		Datis has been calculated on total calc revenue as compan	
NET PURCHASES	N	241.59			Ratio has been calculated on total sale revenue as compan is a travel agent and as such no purchase of goods is there	
AVERAGE TRADE PAYABLES	D	56.61			is a travel agent and as such no purchase of goods is there	
TRADE PAYABLE TURNOVER RATIO		4.27	6.33	-32.63		
5 DEBT-EQUITY RATIO	-	-				
LONG TERM DEBT	_	606.08	584.16			
SHORT TERM DEBT	_	391.7			luca applicable	
	N	997.78			NOT APPLICABLE	
TOTAL DEBT SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY(net off FVOCI reserves)	D	331.27				
DEBT-EQUITY RATIO	+	1.18				
DEDI-EQUIT NATIO						
6 DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE RATIO						
NET PROFIT AFTER TAX		-164.33	-162.26			
DEPRECIATION		20.66	38.00		Company earned higher cash profit during the year and	
INTEREST		91.32	111.07		also introduced share capital which resulted into better	
OTHER AMORTISATIONS/NON CASH ITEMS		111.77			DSCR as compared to previous year	
EARNING AVAILABLE FOR DEBT SERVICE	N	59.42				
DEBT SERVICE	D	163.32				
DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE RATIO		0.36	0.06	496.53		
The second secon				2 / 2225-7		
7 INVENTORY TURNOVER RATIO	_			National Control of the Control		
		NA COMPANY	NA COMPANY		%	
		BEING TRAVEL	BEING TRAVEL			
COST OF GOODS SOLD	N	AGENT	AGENT			
AVERAGE INVENTORY	D	NA	NA			
INVENTORY TURNOVER RATIO		NA	NA	NA		
8 NET CAPITAL TURNOVER RATIO		,				
NET SALES	N	241.59	162.42		Due to reduction in debtors , better cash profit and	
WORKING CAPITAL(Current assets minus current			_12.21		introduction of share capital	
liabiities)	D	475.09		F7.0-		
NET CAPITAL TURNOVER RATIO		50.85	32.34	57.24		
9 NET PROFIT RATIO	N	-164.33	-162.26	1-1-1-1	70 833 808 30 S MAI 647	
NET PROFIT	D	241.59			Better EBIDTA during the year as compared to previous	
NET SALES NET PROFIT RATIO	-	-68.02			CONTROL SECTION OF THE SECTION OF TH	
INCI PROTITION						
10 RETURN ON CAPITAL EMPLOYED						
EARNING BEFORE INTEREST AND TAX						
NET PROFIT BEFORE TAX		-164.33				
INTEREST		91.32				
TOTAL	N	-73.01	-51.19		Due to higher bad debt write offs during the year	
CAPITAL EMPLOYED						
TOTAL ASSETS		1531.14				
less: CURRENT LIABILITIES		585.80				
TOTAL-CAPITAL EMPLOYED		945.34			The second secon	
RETURN ON CAPITAL EMPLOYED	D	-0.08	-0.05	41.30		

'N' represents Numerator 'D' represents Denominator



RITCO TRAVELS AND TOURS PRIVATE LIMITED (A WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF TRANSCORP INTERNATIONAL LIMITED) Cash flow statement for the year ended 31st March, 2022

Cash flow statement for the year ended 31st March, 2022	31.03.2022 Rs. In lacs	31.03.2021 RS. in lacs
Cash Flow from operating activities Profit(+) / Loss(-) before tax	(221.14)	(214.14)
Non-cash adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows: Depreciation (Profit)/ Loss on sale of fixed assets	20.66	38.00
Bad debts written off/ provison for impairment	111.77	21.52
Profit on termination of lease	<u>2</u> 1	(3.51)
Unspent Liabilities written back/write backs	(0.02)	(1.47)
Interest Expense	91.32	111.07
Rental Income	(4.20)	(4.20)
Other borrowing costs	(4.06)	(8.31)
Interest Income Operating profit before working capital changes	(5.67)	(61.04)
Movements in working capital:		
Increase(+) / Decrease(-) in trade payables	30.98	(72.57)
Increase(+) / Decrease(-) in other current financial liabilities	(6.03)	19.15
Increase(+) / Decrease(-) in other current liabilities	(71.31)	(8.14)
Increase(+) / Decrease(-) in other non-current liabilities	· *.	-
Decrease(+) / Increase(-) in non-current financial assets-loans	£	-
Decrease(+) / Increase(-) in other non-current financial assets	(0.04)	0.35
Decrease(+) / Increase(-) in other non current assets	(0.04) (64.88)	256.06
Decrease(+) / Increase(-) in trade receivables	18.81	136.47
Decrease(+) / Increase(-) in current financial assets- loans & others Decrease(+) / Increase(-) in other current assets	8.84	2.21
Defined benefit plan under OCI impact	1.63	10.27
Defined benefit plan under Get impact	(87.67)	282.76
Direct taxes paid including GST on advance/refund received	28.09	21.89
Net cash flow from (+) / used in (-) operating activities (A)	(59.58)	304.65
Cash Flow from investing activities	2-17-00-27-	
Purchase of tangible ,intangible and right to use fixed assets	(0.52)	(0.47)
Sale of tangible ,intangible and right to use fixed assets	1.25	44.60
Termination of lease	(1.20)	14.68 (1.40)
Investment in bank deposits having original maturity of more than three months	4.20	4.20
Rental Income Interest Income	4.06	8.31
Net cash flow from (+) / used in (-) investing activities (B)	7.79	25.32
Cash Flow from financing activities		
Proceeds from issue of share capital	50.00	-
Securities Premium	100.00	
Lease borrowings	•	(23.46)
Interest paid	(91.32)	(111.07)
Other Borrowing costs	(30.40)	(859. 44)
Proceeds(+)/Repayment(-) from/of current financial liabilities-borowings (net)	(38.40) 21.92	582.60
Proceeds(+)/Repayment(-) from/of non-current financial liabilities- borowings (net) Net cash flow from (+) / used in (-) financing activities (C)	42.20	(411.37)
Net increase(+) / decrease (-) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(9.59)	(81.40)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	11.65	93.05
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	2.06	11.65
Components of cash and cash equivalents	1 67	0.71
Cash in hand	1.67 0.39	10.94
Balances with banks on current accounts Cheques, drafts on hand		-
Total cash and cash equivalents (Refer note No.9)	2.06	11.65

- 1. The above cash flow statement has been compiled from and is based on the balance sheet as at 31.03.2022 and the related statement of profit and loss for the year ended on that date.
- 2. The above cash flow statement has been prepared as per the indirect method as set out in Ind As Standard-7 on Cash flow statement as notified under section 133 of the Companies Act,2013.
- 3. Cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of cash flow statement comprises cash at bank and in hand and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

The accompaying notes 1 to 30 are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our annexed report of even date

For ANAND JAIN & CO. **Chartered Accountants**

For & on behalf of Board of Directors of Ritco Travels and Tours Private Limited

ANAND PRAKASH JAIN

PROPRIETOR M.NO.-071045 Place: JAIPUR

FRN:001857C

Manisha Agarwal Non-Executive Chairperson

DIN: 00453971

Hem Kumar Bhargava Director DIN: 03230480 Dilip Kumar Morwal Group Company Secretary ACS:17572

UDIN 22071045 AIOQRE7794



RITCO TRAVELS AND TOURS PRIVATE LIMITED

Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2022 and Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended on that date.

Note No. 1 - Corporate Information and Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

RITCO Travels And Tours Private Limited ("the company") is a private limited company domiciled in India (CIN: U63040RJ2010PTC032902),having its registered office at "Transcorp Towers", 5th floor, MotiDoongri road, Jaipur-302004. Company is mainly engaged in the business of Travels and Tours related activities. It is a wholly owned subsidiary of Transcorp International Limited.

B. Basis of Preparation

1) Statement of Compliance

Ministry of Corporate Affairs notified roadmap to implement Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended. As per the said roadmap, Parent company, M/sTranscorp International limited and its subsidiaries are required to apply Ind AS starting from financial year beginning on or after 1st April, 2017. As RITCOTravels And Tours Private Limited is wholly owned subsidiary of Parent company, M/s Transcorp International limited, hence it is also required to apply Ind AS from Financial Year beginning on or after 1st April, 2017.

Accordingly, these financial statements of the company have been prepared in accordance with the Ind AS.

These standalone financial statements are prepared on accrual basis of accounting on going concern assumption and comply with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and subsequent amendments thereto, the Companies Act, 2013 (to the extent notified and applicable) and applicable provisions of Companies Act, 1956.

These financial statements were authorized for issue by Board of Directors on 23rd April, 2022

2) Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on historical cost convention except for revalued costs and following material items which have been measured at fair value as required by IND AS-

Defined benefit plans- Plan assets measured at fair value

3) Functional and Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is the Company's functional currency. All amounts have been rounded off to the nearest lakhs.

4) Current and Non Current Classification

The company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle,
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or

 Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when it is:

- Expected to be settled in normal operating cycle,
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- o Due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

The Operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as Non-Current assets and liabilities.

C. Significant Accounting Policies

A summary of the accounting policies applied in the preparation of the financial statements are as given below. These accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in the financial statements.

On transition to IND AS, the company has elected to utilize the option under Ind AS 101 by not applying the provisions of Ind AS 16 and Ind AS 38 retrospectively and continue to use the previous GAAP carrying amount as a deemed cost under Ind AS at the date of transition to Ind AS. Therefore, the carrying amount of Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets as per the previous GAAP as at 1 April 2016, i.e.; the Company's date of transition to Ind AS, were maintained on transition to Ind AS.

1. Property, Plant and Equipment

1.1. Initialrecognition and measurement

An item of PPE is recognised as an asset if and only if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with them will flow to the company and the cost of item can be measured reliably.

An item of Property, Plant and Equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes any cost directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and operating condition like installation and assembly cost. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the cost. All cost related to acquisition and installation are capitalized.

Items of Property, Plant and Equipment having different useful lives are recognized separately.

1.2. Subsequent cost

Subsequent expenditure is added to the book value only if it increases the future economic benefits from the existing asset.

1.3. Depreciation

Assets are depreciated using straight line method over the estimated useful life of the asset as specified in Part "C" of Schedule II of Companies Act, 2013 after retaining residual value at a maximum of 5% of original cost. Asset's residual values and useful lives are reviewed at each financial year end considering the physical condition of the assets.

1.4. De-recognition

An item of Property, Plant and Equipment is derecognized when no future economic benefits are expected from their use or upon their disposal. Gains or losses on disposal/ transfer/ derecognition of item of Property, Plant and Equipment are determined as difference between net sale proceeds and the carrying amount of Property, Plant and Equipment and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

2. Intangible Assets

2.1 Initial Recognition and measurement

Identifiable intangible assets are recognized

- When company controls the asset
- It is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company
- The cost of the asset can be reliably measured

Intangible assets comprise Website development, software cost and integration costwhich are developed and set up for business operations of the company. Intangible assets that are acquired by the Company, which have finite useful lives, are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes any directly attributable incidental expenses necessary to make assets ready for its intended use.

2.2 Subsequent Cost

Subsequent expenditure is recognised as an increase in the carrying amount of the asset when it is probable that future economic benefits deriving from the cost incurred will flow to the enterprise and the cost of the item can be measurably reliably.

2.3 Amortization

Intangible assets are amortized on straight line method basis as per the methodology provided and useful life of the asset mentioned in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. Amortization of intangible assets is included in the head Depreciation and amortization expenses in the statement of profit and loss.

2.4 De-recognition

An intangible asset is derecognized when no future economic benefits are expected from their use or upon their disposal. Gains or losses on disposal/ transfer/ de-recognition of intangible assets are determined as difference between net sale proceeds and the carrying amount of intangible asset and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

3. Right to use Asset

Initial recognition

Consequent upon apllicability of "IND AS 116- Leases", following the modified retrospective method of transition , right to use asset was recognised in respect of all lease contracts for a period more than one year existing on 1.4.2019 at an amount equal to present value , based on incremental rate of borrowing , of lease liability net of cumulative adjustments. In respect of new lease contracts for a period exceeding one year entered during the accounting period of financial statements, right to use was accounted for at an amount equal to present value , based on incremental rate of borrowing , of lease liability. Right to use assets are amortized on straight line method basis over the useful life of the asset. In case of premature termination of contract as per right available in the lease agreements it is derecognized and difference between lease liability and the value of right to use existing at the time of termination is transferred to statement of profit and loss under the head other operating income . There was no case of modification of the lease contracts. Modification if any will be accounted for as provided in INDAS 116.

4. Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs specifically relating to the acquisition of qualifying assets that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are capitalized (net of income on temporarily deployment of funds) as part of the cost of such assets. Borrowing cost consists of interest and other cost that the company incurs in connection with the borrowing funds. All other borrowing costs are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as expense in the period in which they are incurred.

5. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of current tax and deferred tax (including MAT). Current tax expense is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in other comprehensive income or equity, in which case it is recognized in OCI or equity.

Current tax provision is made in accordance with the relevant tax regulations applicable to the company. Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted and as applicable at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years. Current income taxes are recognized under 'Income tax payable' net of payments on account, or under 'Tax receivables' where there is a debit balance.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit and are accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences, and deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward tax losses and allowances to

the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences, carry forward tax losses and allowances can be utilised.

Deferred tax is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in OCI or equity, in which case it is recognized in OCI or equity. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

MAT (Minimum Alternate Tax) is applicable to the company. MAT paid in the year is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss as current tax. MAT credit available is recognized as an asset only to the extent, there is convincing evidence that the company will pay normal income tax during the specified period i.e. the period for which MAT credit is allowed to be carried forward. The company reviews the MAT credit entitlement at each balance sheet date and writes down the carrying value of MAT credit entitlement to the extent that there is no longer convincing evidence to the effect that company will pay normal tax during the specified period.

6. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at banks being balances with banks in current accounts, cash in hand and cheques/drafts in hand.

7. Cash Flow Statement

Cash flow statement is prepared in accordance with the indirect method prescribed in IND AS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows".

8. Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the functional currency spot rates at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rates of exchange at the reporting date. Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognized in profit or loss in the year in which it arises.

9. Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment considering the provisions of Ind AS 36 'Impairment of Assets'. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount (higher of its fair value less costs to disposal or its value in use) is estimated.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or its Cash Generating Unit (CGU) exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss.

Impairment losses recognized in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if

there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount which is only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

10. Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing net profit or loss for the period attributable to the equity shareholders by weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for the events such as bonus issue, bonus element in a right issue, share split and reverse share split that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources. However, it shall not be adjusted for conversion of potential ordinary shares.

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting profit or loss attributable to ordinary equity shareholders and weighted average number of shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential shares.

11. Provisions and Contingencies

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. The expense relating to provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss after netting off any amount expected to be recovered from a third party with virtual certainty and can be measured reliably.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Information on contingent liability is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. Contingent liabilities are disclosed on the basis of judgment of management/ independent experts. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current management estimate.

12. Financial Instruments

a) Financial Assets

Company's financial assets include trade receivables, security deposits, advances, cash and cash equivalents and short term loans and advances.

Initial Recognition and Measurement

All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset.

Subsequent Measurement

The Financial Instrument is measured at the amortized cost if both the following conditions are met:

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method.

Impairment of Financial Assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on following financial assets:

Trade Receivables:

Impairment is made on the expected credit losses, which are the present value of the cash shortfalls over the expected life of financial assets. However, company's trade receivables generally are of short term nature, hence no expected credit loss is provided. Actual credit loss during the period assessed by management is recognized in statement of profit and loss as bad debts. For the purpose of ECL no separate tracking of changes in credit risk of individual trade receivable and contract asset is done as these do not contain significant financing component . Accordingly impairment is estimated under the simplified approach

Other financial assets:

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the company determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition and if credit risk has increased significantly, impairment loss is provided.

The estimated impairment losses are recognized as a separate provision for impairment and the impairment losses are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss .

De-recognition of Financial Assets

A financial asset (or where applicable, a part of a financial asset or a part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized (i.e. removed from the company's balance sheet) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either
- (a) The company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset
- (b) The company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

b) Financial Liability

The company's financial liabilities mainly includes, borrowings including deposits, trade payables and other payables.

Initial Measurement

All financial liabilities other than fair valued through profit and loss are recognised initially at fair value less transaction costs that are attributable to the issue of financial liability. Transaction costs of financial liabilities are carried at fair value through profit and loss is expensed in statement of Profit and Loss.

Subsequent Measurement

These liabilities include deposits and interest bearing loans and borrowings. Subsequent to initial recognition, these liabilities are measured at amortised cost using effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking in to account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are integral part of EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance cost in the statement of profit and loss. This category generally applies to borrowings. Since there are no or immaterial transaction costs in borrowings, EIR has not been calculated.

De-recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another, from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

13. Fair Value measurement

In determining the fair value of its financial instruments, the Entity uses a variety of methods and assumptions that are based on market conditions and risks existing at each reporting date. These methods used to determine fair value includes discounted cash flow analysis, available quoted market prices, dealer quotes and other appropriate methods. All methods of assessing fair value result in general approximation of value, and such value may never actually be realized.

For financial assets and liabilities maturing within one year from the Balance Sheet date and which are not carried at fair value, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

14. Revenue

Company's revenue is arising from sale of services like ticketing, vehicle rentals, tours, hotels and Allied Activities.

For services rendered to clients, the commission received from airlines, hotels etc., transport income and income on tours and other services (net of charges) are accounted for on rendering of service/accrual as per relevant contact terms using best estimate. It is recognised upon transfer of control of services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration, company expects to receive in exchange for those services . Volume and other discounts as well as pricing incentives to customers are accounted for as reduction of revenue.

Company collects GST on behalf of the government and therefore, it is not an economic benefit flowing to the company. Hence, it is excluded from revenue.

Revenue from other income comprises interest on bank deposits, loans and advances, rental income from letting and subletting and profit from sale of assets. For all operating leases, rental income is recognized as per the contract of lease.

Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.

15. Dividends

Dividends and interim dividends payable to a Company's shareholders are recognized as changes in equity in the period in which they are approved by the shareholders' meeting and the Board of Directors respectively.

Company has not declared or proposed any dividend payable to shareholders.

16. Employee Benefits

- a) <u>Short Term Employee Benefits</u>-It includes benefits like salaries, non-vesting compensated absences and various incentives. These are recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss of the year in which the related services are rendered.
 - A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid under performance related pay if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.
- b) <u>Long Term Benefit Plans</u>- These are in nature of defined benefit obligations, in respect of Gratuity Liability and Provident/Pension Fund.
 - The cost of providing gratuity, a defined benefit plan is determined using the projected unit method, on the basis of actuarial valuations carried out by third party actuaries at each Balance sheet date. Actuarial gains or losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise. Other costs are accounted for in the statement of profit and loss.

The Company's contribution to Provident Fund is charged to the statement of profit and loss each year.

17. Use of Estimates and Management judgments

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that may impact the application of accounting policies and the reported value of assets, liabilities, income, expenses and related disclosures concerning the items involved as well as contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date. The estimates and management's judgments are based on previous experience and other factors considered reasonable and prudent in the circumstances.

Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

a) Useful life of Property, Plant and Equipment

The estimated useful life of property, plant and equipment is based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition and other economic factors (such as the stability of the industry and known technological advances) and the level of maintenance expenditures required to obtain the expected future cash flows from the asset. Useful life of assets is determined in accordance with Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The Company reviews at the end of each reporting date the useful life of property, plant and equipment.

b) Useful life of intangible Assets

Useful life of intangible assets is generally determined in accordance with Schedule II to the companies Act, 2013. In case of linking costs, life is estimated to the best of judgments/estimates by management.

Management believes that assigned useful lives are reasonable. The company reviews at the end of each reporting date the useful life of Intangible Assets.

c) Provisions and Contingencies

The assessments undertaken in recognizing provisions and contingencies have been made in accordance with Ind AS 37, 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets'. The evaluation of the likelihood of the contingent events has required best judgment by management regarding the probability of exposure to potential loss. If circumstances change following unforeseeable developments, then this likelihood could alter.

d) Income Taxes

Management judgment is required for the calculation of provision for income taxes and deferred tax assets and liabilities. The Company reviews at each balance sheet date the carrying amount of deferred tax assets/liabilities. The factors used in estimates may differ from actual outcome which could lead to significant adjustment to the amounts reported in the standalone financial statements.

e) Impairment of financial assets

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

f) Defined Benefit Plan

The cost of defined benefit plan and the present value of such obligation are determined using actuarial valuation. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases, mortality rates and attrition rate. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

Ritco Travels and Tours Private Limited

₩1 ** (¥ - 8 - 8 -

	Annexure-A		31.03.20	31.03.20	% chang	Reasons for variance % change more than 25%
-	CURRENT RATIO	T	22	31.03.20	-	2510
-	CURRENT ASSETS	N	1060.88	1172.81		
-	CURRENT LIABILITIES	D	585.79	670.59		NOT APPLICABLE
-	CURRENT RATIO	10	1.81	1.75	3.55	
-	CURRENT RATIO	+	1.01	1./3	3.33	
2	RETURN ON EQUITY RATIO	+	-			
- 2	NET PROFIT AFTER TAX	N.	-164.33	-162.25		
-	SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY	D	339.26	352.40	-	NOT APPLICABLE
-	RETURN ON EQUITY RATIO	10	-48.44	-46.04	5.19	
-	RETURN ON EQUITY RATIO	-	*40.44	-40.04	3.19	
2	TRADE RECEIVABLES TURNOVER RATIO	-				Reduction in trade
3	TOTAL SALES	N	241.59	162.42		receivables during the
-	TRADE RECEIVABLES	D	649.51	696.4		year coupled with
-	TRADE RECEIVABLES TURNOVER RATIO	10	0.37	0.23	59.48	increase in sales
-	TRADE RECEIVABLES TURNOVER RATIO	+	0.37	0.23	39.48	micrease iii sales
-	TRADE PAYABLE TURNOVER RATIO	+	-	_	_	
-	NET PURCHASES	N	241.59	162.42		Ratio has been
-	AVERAGE TRADE PAYABLES	D	56.61			calculated on total sale
-	AVERAGE TRADE PAYABLES	10	56.61	25.64		revenue as company is
	TRADE PAYABLE TURNOVER RATIO		4.27	6.33	-32.63	travel agent and as su- no purchase of goods there
		_				
5	DEBT-EQUITY RATIO	-				
	LONG TERM DEBT		606.08	584.16		
	SHORT TERM DEBT(other than security					
_	deposits)	-	386.65	425.06		NOT APPLICABLE
_	TOTAL DEBT	N	992.73	1009.22		
_	SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY	D	339.26	352.40		
	DEBT-EQUITY RATIO		2.93	2.86	2.18	
6	DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE RATIO					Company earned high
	NET PROFIT AFTER TAX		-164.33	-162.26		cash profit during the
	DEPRECIATION		20.66	38.00		year and also
	INTEREST		91.32	111.07		introduced share capit
	OTHER AMORTISATIONS/NON CASH ITEMS		111.77	21.52		which resulted into
	EARNING AVAILABLE FOR DEBT SERVICE	N	59.42	8.33		better DSCR as
	DEBT SERVICE	D	163.32	136.63		compared to previous
	DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE RATIO		0.36	0.06	496.53	year
_	INVENTORY TURNOVER RATIO	-				
	INVENTORY TORNOVER RATIO	T	NA COMPAN	NA COMPAN		
			Y BEING	Y BEING		
			TRAVEL	TRAVEL		
	COST OF GOODS SOLD	N	AGENT	AGENT		
	AVERAGE INVENTORY	D	NA	NA		1
	INVENTORY TURNOVER RATIO		NA	NA	NA	
8	NET CAPITAL TURNOVER RATIO	-				Due to reduction in
	NET SALES	N	241.59	162.42		debtors , better cash
	WORKING CAPITAL(Current assets minus					profit and introduction
	current liabiities)	D	475.09	502.22		of share capital
			50.85	32.34	57.24	
	NET CAPITAL TURNOVER RATIO		30.00			
			30.03			
9	NET PROFIT RATIO					
9	NET PROFIT RATIO NET PROFIT	N	-164.33	-162.26		Better EBIDTA during
9	NET PROFIT RATIO	N D		-162.26 162.42		the year as compared
9	NET PROFIT RATIO NET PROFIT		-164.33		-31.91	
	NET PROFIT RATIO NET PROFIT NET SALES NET PROFIT RATIO		-164.33 241.59	162.42	-31.91	the year as compared
	NET PROFIT RATIO NET PROFIT NET SALES NET PROFIT RATIO RETURN ON CAPITAL EMPLOYED		-164.33 241.59	162.42	-31.91	the year as compared
	NET PROFIT RATIO NET PROFIT NET SALES NET PROFIT RATIO RETURN ON CAPITAL EMPLOYED EARNING DECORE INTEREST AND TAX		-164.33 241.59 -68.02	-99.90	-31.91	the year as compared
	NET PROFIT RATIO NET PROFIT NET SALES NET PROFIT RATIO RETURN ON CAPITAL EMPLOYED LABBING BEFORE INTEREST AND TAX NET PROFIT BEFORE TAX		-164.33 241.59 -68.02	-99.90 -162.26	-31.91	the year as compared
	NET PROFIT RATIO NET PROFIT NET SALES NET PROFIT RATIO RETURN ON CAPITAL EMPLOYED EARNING BEFORE INTEREST AND TAX NET PROFIT BEFORE INTEREST AND TAX NET PROFIT BEFORE TAX INTEREST	D	-164.33 241.59 -68.02 -164.33 91.32	-99.90 -162.26 111.07	-31.91	the year as compared previous. Year Due to higher bad det
	NET PROFIT RATIO NET PROFIT NET SALES NET PROFIT RATIO RETURN ON CAPITAL EMPLOYED CARBINING BEFORE INTEREST AND TAX NET PROFIT BEFORE TAX INTEREST		-164.33 241.59 -68.02	-99.90 -162.26	-31.91	the year as compared previous Year
	NET PROFIT RATIO NET PROFIT NET SALES NET PROFIT RATIO RETURN ON CAPITAL EMPLOYED LARNING BEFORE INTEREST AND TAX NET PROFIT BEFORE TAX INTEREST TOTAL CAPITAL EMPLOYED	D	-164.33 241.59 -68.02 -164.33 91.32 -73.01	-99.90 -162.26 111.07 -51.19	-31.91	the year as compared previous. Year Due to higher bad det
	NET PROFIT RATIO NET PROFIT NET SALES NET PROFIT RATIO RETURN ON CAPITAL EMPLOYED EARNING BEFORE INTEREST AND TAX NET PROFIT BEFORE TAX INTEREST CAPITAL EMPLOYED CAPITAL EMPLOYED CAPITAL EMPLOYED	D	-164.33 241.59 -68.02 -164.33 91.32 -73.01	-162.26 111.07 -51.19	-31.91	the year as compared previous. Year Due to higher bad det write offs during the
	NET PROFIT RATIO NET PROFIT NET SALES NET PROFIT RATIO EARNING BEFORE INTEREST AND TAX NET PROFIT BEFORE TAX INTEREST TOTAL CAPITAL EMPLOYED TOTAL ASSETS LOGATICAL EMPLOYED TOTAL ASSETS LOGATICAL EMPLOYED TOTAL ASSETS	D	-164.33 241.59 -68.02 -164.33 91.32 -73.01 1531.14 585.80	-99.90 -162.26 111.07 -51.19 1607.15 670.59	-31.91	the year as compared previous. Year Due to higher bad det write offs during the
	NET PROFIT RATIO NET PROFIT NET SALES NET PROFIT RATIO RETURN ON CAPITAL EMPLOYED EARNING BEFORE INTEREST AND TAX NET PROFIT BEFORE TAX INTEREST CAPITAL EMPLOYED CAPITAL EMPLOYED CAPITAL EMPLOYED	D	-164.33 241.59 -68.02 -164.33 91.32 -73.01	-162.26 111.07 -51.19	-31.91	the year as compared previous. Year Due to higher bad det write offs during the

RITCO TRAVELS AND TOURS PRIVATE LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2022 AND THE STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED ON THAT DATE
Netebl. 2019 to be report in the location of the As 108 Cyperating Segments is considered the report to the beatness of Travels. The respond in the beatness of Travels. The considered the reports of the As 108 Cyperating Segments.

- Legal and professional charges includes 8s.1.01 labbs (Previous year: 8s.0.38 labbs.) paid to auditors for other services.

Trade populdes, GST payable, unde receivables, and advances, are subject to reconciliation/confirmation. Hinseh and head office balan Management expects no material impact of some on financial datements.

- Disclosure as perlad AS 12 Income Taxes
 (a) Income Tax Expense
 (i) Income Tax recognised in the statement of profit and loss

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Tarriculars.	31-Mar-22 31-Mar-21	31-Ms
Current Tax expense		-
Current Year	000	000
MAT credit carried forward	000	000
Adjustment for earlier years	08:0	
Total current Tax Expense	66	484
Deferred Tax Expense		1
Origination and reversal of temporary differences(Net)	65.0	0.02
Less: Deterred Tax asset for Deterred Tax Liability	(58.10)	
Total Deferred Tax Expense	(57.71)	
Total Income Tax Barrens		-

(ii) Income Tax recognised in other comprehensive income

					J	Rs. in Jakhs)
		31-Mar-22		Section Section	31-Mar-21	
		Tax expense				
Particulam	Before tax	(benefit)	Net of Tax	Before tax	Before tax (benefit) Net of Tax Before tax (benefit) Net of Tax	Net of Tax
ived attuatiat game/ (resees) on defined benefit plans	1.63	0.42	1.21	10.27	2.67	7.60
Total	1.63	0.42	1.21	10.27	2.67	7.60

(iii) Calculation of Income Tax Expense

expenses not allowed
[RS_In Lakiss]
As at 31st As at 31st
March 2022 March 2021 MAT credit adjustments Addi: Earlow Your lax Addi: Others- on expresses not allowed in Income Tax/ deferred lax asset on loss/Net) Profit before tax Tax using company's domestic tax rate 26.00 %(P.Y. 26.00%)

Disclosure as per Ind AS 19 * Employee Benefit
 A) Defined contribution plan
 During the year company harmonighed the following amounts in the statement of profit and loss account.
 Particulas.

B) Defined benefits plan

Grantily

The company has a defined benefit grantic plan. Every employee who has rendered continuous service of 5 years or more is evailed to gratuity at 15 days salary

(15.24) and attractive best salary) for each completed year of service subject to maximum of rapses. B) table on superammation, resignation, termination, disablement

of on challs.

Particulars	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
	Gratuity	Gratuity
Present Value of obligation as at beginning of year	23.80	33.79
urrent service cost	96.1	2.35
nterest covi	1.62	2.30
ast Service Cost	00:0	000
Actuarial (gain)/loss	(1.72)	(10.21)
venetii paid	(7.72)	(4.43)
Present value of obligation as at the end of year	17.94	23.80

Changes in the Fair Value of Plan Assets		(Rs. In Lakhs)
Particulars	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
	Grabulty	Gratuity
Fair value of plan assets, beginning of the year	28.75	31.01
Fund Opening Difference	000	0000
Return on plan assets, (excluding amount included in net Interest expense)	1.87	2.17
Fund Management Charges	00:00	000
Employer's contributions	000	0.00
Benefits yaid	(7.72)	(4.43)
Fair value of plan assets, end of the year	22.90	28.75

Fund Opening Difference	00'0	0000
Return on plan assets, (excluding amount mahaded in net Interest expense)	1.87	2.17
Fund Management Charges	000	000
Employee's contributions	0.00	000
Benefits yaid	(7.72)	(4.43)
Fair value of plan assets, end of the year	22.90	28.75
Amount recognized in the balance sheet consists of:		(Rs. In Lakhs)
Particulars	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
	Gratuity	Cratuity
Present value of defined benefit obligation	16'21	23.80
Fair value of plan assets	22.90	28.75
Nethability	(4.96)	(4.95)

the timeseas cost tecopinises		(KS, In Lakhs)
Particulars	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
	Gratuity	Cratuity
increst Expenses	1.62	2.29
Interest Income	1.95	2.11

Net Interest	(0.33)	0.18
Amount recognized in other comprehensive income consists of:		(Rs. In Lakins)
l'articulars	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
	Gratuity	Cratuity
Actural Gain/ (Loss) on Obligation	171	10.21
Acturial Gam/(Loss) on Asset	(0.08)	90'0
Total Acturial Gain/(Lo6s) recognised in (OCI)	1.63	10.27

•

7.

Bifurcation of Acturial (Gaint/Lose on obligation :		(Rs. In Lakhs)
articulars	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
	Gratuity	Gratuity
Actuarial (gains)/losses arising from changes in demographic assumptions	0.00	00'0
Actuarial (gains)/losses arising from changes in financial assumptions	(0.92)	0.02
Activarial (gains)/losses arising from changes in experience adjustments on plan liabilities	(0.79)	(10.23)
Acturial	(171)	(10.21)

Actuarial (gains)/losses arising from changes in limandal assumptions	(0.92)	0.02
Actuarial (gams)/losses arising from changes in experience adjustments on plan liabilities	(0.79)	(10.23)
Artın'al	(1.71)	(10.21)
Bifuration of Arturial (Gain)/Loss on Asset :		(Rs. In Lakhs)
Particulars	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
	Gratuity	Gratulty
Expected Interest income	1.95	2.11
Actual income on Plan asset	1.87	2.17
,	(000)	2000

Particulars	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
	Gratuity	Gratuity
Defined benefit obligation	17.94	23.80
aur value of plan assets	22.91	28.75
Net Assev(fliability)	4.97	4.95
Reconciliation of the present value of defined benefit obligation and the fair value of the plan assets:		(Rs. In Lakhs)
Particulars	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
	Sinterior	Contains

 condition of the present value of defined benefit obligation and the fair value of the plan assets.
 (6.5. In 1abb)

 attains
 2022
 11 March. 2021
 13 March. 2021

 seet takes of abligation at the period out
 Graduity
 Graduity
 Graduity

 relation explain assets at period out
 22.01
 22.30
 22.30

 relation explains excess of the blains of plain assets at period out
 22.01
 22.30

 esty/Libration explains at the blains of plain assets at the blain assets of the blain assets of the blain assets of the period out
 22.01
 22.30

 esty/Libration at the blain assets of the blain asset of the blain assets of the blain assets of the blain assets of the blain assets of the

~

Particulars	31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
	Cratuity	Gratuity
Cost Recognized in Statement of Profit & Loss		
Current Service Cost	1.96	2.35
Intervisi cost (Net)	1.62	2.29
Expected return on plan assets	(1.95)	(2.11)
Difference in Opening Liability	00.0	0000
Other Cost (being LIC expenses & CST)	000	0.39
Past Service Cost	000	00'0
Total	1.63	2.92
Cost Recognized in Statement of Other Comprehensive Income		
Actuarial (gain)/loss	(1.63)	(10.27)
Net cost recognised for the period	0.00	(7.35)

C) Defined benift obligation I) Actuarial assumption The following were the principal actuarial assumption at the reporting date. Economo. Assumptions

Particulars	31.03.2022	31.03.2022 31.03.2021
Discount rate*	7.18%	6.79%
Salary escalation rate***	7.00%	7.00%
	Projected	Projected Projected
Valuation Methodology	Unit Credit Method	Unit Credii Method

• The discount rate assumed is desermined by reference to market yield avoidable on government bends, at the accounting date.
• The experience of return rough assets be desermed considering several applianche factor mainly the composition of plan assets beld, assetsed risk of assets management and historian testur rough plan assets.
• The estimates of tunns adary increase plan a turned valuation, taking account of includion; servicity, promaton, basiness plan. HR pulty, and other reference in a turned valuation, taking account of includion; servicity, promaton, basiness plan. HR pulty, and other reference in a turned returned or employee, turners in future determined considering factors such as matter of business & includity, resention policy, demand 8 supply in maplement made, standing of the company, business plan. HR Policy of expression in the relevant accounting standard. Attrition rates as given below have been received as ruput from the company.

	31.3.2022	31.3.2021
Retirement Age Years)	88	98
) Mortality rate inclusive of provision for diability**	100% of IALM(2012-14)	100% of IALM(2012-14)
i) Attrition at ages	Withdrawal rate %	Withdrawal rate %
Upto 30 YEARs	*	3
Fram 31 to 44 years	2	2
Anove 44 years	_	-

Ushood to reach list us one of employees above returnent ago, for the purpose of valuation it is assumed they will retire immediately up to sometim forement in the sound of the control o

Mortality Battes for speciment ages Age state Age Rate Age Rate 15 0.000 68 d.0 (00.529 V.5 0.00.221) 15 0.000 48 d.0 (00.529 V.5 0.00.221) 15 0.000 49 d.0 (00.529 V.5 0.00.292) 15 0.000 49 d.0 (00.11 1.2 40 t. 10.527 V.5 0.00 11.1 2.4 0.0 t. 10.52 V.5 0.00 V.5 0.00

III Serustivity analysis

Consequence of the control of the control of the relevant actuarial assumption. Incling other assumption constant, would have effected the defined benefits the energy that the amount shows them.

articulars	31.0	31.03.2022
	Increase	Decrease
Siscount rate (0.50% movement)	(0.00)	123
salary escalation rate (0.50% movement)	1.21	(1.12)

31-Mar-22	First Year	Second	Third to Fifth year	More than 5 Years
Graitaity				
Total	96'0	0.32	1.47	15.19
31-Marc21	First Year	Second	Third to Fifth year	More than 5 Years
Gratinty	0.37	5.04	2.11	16.28

IV) Kisk exposure
Valusiness are based encertain socumptone, which are dynamic in retains and vary over time. As such company is exposed to various risks as follows—
As a Salary increases. As taud increases the Plan's liability, Increase in salary increase risks are increased in a salary increase the assumption in future valuations will also increase the hability.

[5] Investment Risk. J. Plants turded then assets liabilities mismark & actual investment return an assets lower than the discount rate
socumed at the hast
valuation date can impost the liability.

C) Discount Rate. Reclusions in discount rate in subsequent valuations can increase the plan's liability.

Morehing of Labellius A., and additionable de Labellius, respecting lower or higher than assumed in the valuation rate in impact Plan's liability.

Withdrawales Actual well-discounts of the lower than resourced windbrawale and though of whether will rate at subsequent valuations can impact Plan's liability.

Withdrawales Actual well-discounts deven than resourced windbrawale and though of whether will rate of the properties of the properties

Related Party disclosures

(i) Holding Companies Transcorp International Limited

(ii) Fellow Subsidiary of Holding Companies

· Transcorp Estates Private Limited

(iii) Enterprise over which KMP/kMP of holding co, or relatives of KMP have control/significant influence with whom there were transactions during the year.

TCI Express
Ayan Fintade Pvt. Ltd.
TCI Infrastraturo Finance Limited
Transcorp Euweperses Limited
TCI Phornica Propose Ltd.

(v) Key Management Personnel / KMF of holding company and person having significant influence

Mrs. Marnelu Aparwal
Mr. Parabatan Aparwal
Mr. Hens Kame Blangoy
Mr. Capat Kenhan Sharma (RMP of hedding Company)
Mr. Sangwel Bahal (Bengmel nn Y 2002-2)
Ms. Sangwel Bahal (Bengmel nn Y 2002-2)
(W. Redaire and Key management personnel and person has ing algulificant influence:
Mrs. Avant Kansu

A) Relaced parties where control exist: Transcopp international Limited-Hoiding Company Particulars

31,3,2022 31,3,2021

Services taken (net)	4.54	0.03
III. Joans and advances in nature of loans taken (Repayable on denuad)		
Balance at the heginning of accounting year	95.38	254.06
Bhiance at the end of necounting year	67.38	95.38
Loan taken during the year	353.95	281.00
Maximum amount outstanding	244.93	254.06
Loans repaid	394.90	445.50
Share allotted by convenion of loan into capital		ï
Interest paid (Gross)	14.38	15.56
DS Tops	1,44	1.17
IV.Other transactions:		
"Guarantoes Roceived for credit figulates from bank		
Observated in favor of TAF1		1
Rent received	4.20	4.20
Rent mid		-
Sturing of expenses (Net) DLA(CE)	(22.56)	16.90
Outstanding:		
*Unannuces Received for credit Incilities from bank	773.24	708.08
Quarantee in Invoc of TAFI	200.00	400.00
Security Deposit Received - Bulance outstanding	1.00	1.00
*Upto the amount utilised/outstanding		

B. Enterprise over which KMP/KMP of holding co., or relatives of KMP have controlydgnificant influence with whom there were transactions during the year.

Indiance at the beginning of association by Sear Chainers at the Delining of Association by Sear Chainers at the Delining of Search and Search	erman i	25.87
R. Near Service Rendered Service Hondered	reiro d	e 1
Service Rendered	nin i	
Servee Renkered		
Service Rendered Service Rendered		25.87
(cifcros) H. Harrey A party Francisco The stranged on The st		25.87
H Sprees, I share the anaecleans: ornelscent of the proper feature force-solite of Service Featured for the property of the		
	1.32	1.32
	i	,
	0.05	0.02
C. Fellow Subsidiary of Holding Company		
Trumout Estates Private Limited		
Related party transactions:		
L'Salespurchase of services:		
Services rendered	0.48	0.73
Runt paid		
Chosing bulance payable		e:
IL bane of shares:		
Share canital Received	\$0.00	
(5000,000 equity shares of Rs 107- each)	00000	
Securities Prenaum received	100:00	
III Loans and udvances in nature of Jonns taken (Removable on Jonna al.)		
Balance of the beginning of accounting year	5	6.5
Balmise at the end of necounting year	7	
Loan taken during the year	00 001	
Minkinkum ancount outstanding	100.00	
Repaid during the year	100.00	
Interest (Greet)	0.78	
IIDS	0.08	
D) Persons or Relatives of persons having significant influence in Holding		
Соверину		
Related Party Transaction		
Mrs., avan Kanel Salary Pad	10.37	836
Mr. General Krishan Sharma		
Services rendered	0.36	0.13
E) key management personnel Ms. Sancecta Bahl		
Salary Paid	55	13.30

N

0.05 0.30 0.23

0.30 Profit attributable to equity charchedders (tood as numerator) (Es.) Wrogited avvego number of equity chares for Bose, and Diktolel FPS (tood as denominator) (Neo.) Disclosure as per Ind AS 33 : Lamings per Share Basicand diluted samings pershare

9 Disclosure as per Ind AS 37: Provisions, Contingent Liabilities Contingent Liability

10 TTS detault up to PY 2021-22 is No.1811 Lakes (Up no PY 2020-21 No.184 Lakes)

Chair my AAAPAT worded frolia by Limach, op yet the performable by the against the company before Nistonial Company Low Tribunal, Jalput under travelvorsy & Bandaquyay Casaco (1862-1812) at a resided to Artificiate inside by 11 for its elette.

10 Labelity under joint bank guarantee agreement entered with TAPI for covering credit limit from 1ATA for No. 200 Lakes (1974 900 Lakes) Compute to executed 'just lenk Cacarates' agreement with TAF and Inrubbed a sum of los. H Labt (PV 22 Labts) as deposit with them for making posite the datalat less conserve on the production of the computer Amount of Indiany under the agreemental my, so are extracted a present allothings, company and never the direct are guaranter to the agreement.

(a) Chimos against the company and acknowledged as debt showned regarded S. 287 Labbs (Previous your Rs. 2.87 Labbs) and of line-deposted with court Rs. 0.33 Labbs (Previous Your Rs. 0.23 Labbs) in reports of talms made by Calcium and office.

() Liability in respect of call back of segment incertives due to non achievement/fulfriment of agreed targets Ro.25.64 has) (Previous year 28.76 has)

Declosure as per Ind AS 108: Operating Segments is given in consolidated financial statements

Financial Rick Management
The Company's properly learned Labellines, comprise borrovings, teads and other payables. The man purpose of these financial labellines is to
manage features for the Company's supertenses. The Company has boar and other receivables, lacks and other receivables, and cost and short-term
depose that arise directly from its operatoris. The most agginificant financial risks to which the Company is expected to are described as followes:

Mariet risk is the risk fluid the dair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluid unter because of changes in market prices. Market prices companying their types of risk currency trace is such arrived risk and down protections, such as historiam price risk and (commodily risk, leftment, in autounverse actions by a market is market bears and verrowings, deposits investments, and other funarial instruments. This is based on the transition and francial institutions held as at March 31, 200 and March 31, 200 (company) do not have measureds.

li. Credit risk. Gredit risk is the risk that a counter party will not meet Its obblygions under a linancial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss.

iii Capariniy eda. Lapaday nga ken kist hat the Company may not be able to meet to prosent and future each and collateral obligations without mearring unancytable koosa.

Physical risk
 It is the risk of theft, robbery or fakeness of cash and cash equivalents.

Risk Management framework

The Company's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredix tability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance.

Bish amagement is corned out by the Road of Directors under policies approved by identifying, availating and hedging financial risks. The based provides printiple for overall in the Imangement is well as policies corneng special account garden in account general account goveral account goveral account goveral account goveral account garden account goveral account goverance and proper leavance and proper man also account account account.

Financial Riok Management

I. Market rish interests that the fare value of the trianer said those of the francial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest interest are nest is fairly that the fare value of the format of the fare rish and of Diseases periods a compositions corporate interest rate fresh interests of early and of Diseases periods as compositions corporate interest rate risk management by balancing proposition of its old interest rate and handley class intering interiorist in the last predicts.

Proposition of the company only hand interest rate rate rate rate rate reporting prepalate since the company only has not/freed interest rate rate from the respective reporting prepalate.

9 7

Particulars	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-21 31-Mar-22
Financial Assets		
wanniy Deposits	33.63	40.63
Advances recoverable in cash or kind or for value to be received or pending adjustments	305.72	279.90
Other Bank Balances	26.55	27.75
Total	365.90	348.28
Financial Liabilities		
Term Loans	609.73	678.08
Cash Credit/ Overdraft	100.00	92.16
oans repayable on demand	299.49	219.48
Security Deposits	5.05	5.05
Total	201101	CONT. CONT.

it. Credit risk.
The Company is expresd to credit risk from the operating activities (promarily trade resolvables) and other financial instruments.
The Company is expresd to credit risk from the operating activities of resolvant plan with the Transit alsorses, are vention of velocities as a credit risk from management and the optional half all the possible offerts have been undertaken for recovery build resolvant, as not possible. Where taxons reveitable, have been retired out that company continues to emposible where the remains the response in the recovery is not possible. Where taxons reveitable have been retired out that Company continues to emposible in the company and the company of the company o

Trade Receivables
The Company observable credit to customers in normal course of beatness. The Company considers factors such as credit track record in the market
and took dollings for extension of credit to customers. The Company monthers by payment track record of the customers. Outstanding customers
recorded are regularly anomalized.
The Company has also also account activity deposits from its automore, which stringate the credit risk to an esteric.
Exposure to credit risk is as to subsort in case where RCL or infelline RTL is recognized.

753.63 Total 606.31 Provison for expected credit losses
company is not expansely tracking charges in redit risk of instindual trade recovables and contract assets for the purpose of ECL as these do not
recovable spiritual intaking component. Therefore company has choosen to calculate impairment under the simplified approach on trade
receibles and contact assets as the superiment amount represents 'Discipling' respected credit loss. Accordingly, capacited credit loss as recognised.
The againg of traderreceivable as a before. Neither due Within 6 6 Month to Above 12 nor months 12 Months months impaired 4.17 143.15 As at March 31, 2022 As at March 31, 2021 Trade Receivables Particulars

Actual coult have during the period assessed by management (Bs.11.77 takhs (Per-luna Year - Rs. 21.52 takhs) as recognised in statement of Profit and has as bad debts, apart from the provision for imparment in trade recoverables for IS-104.12 has recognised. In earlier year.

800.52

716.91

80.89 2.72

Reconcillation of impairment loss provision:

Particulars	Trade	Other
	Keceivables	Balances
Balance As at March 31, 2021	104.12	
Impairment loss recognised	111.77	
amounts written off as bad debts	111.77	
Provision made		

Financial instruments and cash deposits
The cash and cash equalstates awell adopted to current accounts with bank are held with hanks of high rating. The banks are iden choosen as
The company maintains slightly and all deposit behaves.
The company maintains significant cash and deposit behaves.

iii. Liquidity Risk.
The Company's objective is to maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet the cash and collateral requirements.
The company does not orbit spate any problem in obtaining evicental lunding in the foreseeable future when the need arrives.

Financing Arangements The company had access to the following undrawn berrowing facilities at the end of the repecting period:

culans	31.3.2022	31.3.2021
owings		
	47	0 25
	*	0

The table below provides undiscounted cosh flows (owards non-derivative financial labilities into relevant materity based on the remaining period at the balance sheet to the contractual materity date:

		As at	As at 31-3-2021		Total/
Particulars	On demand	<6 months	On demand <6 months 6-12 months >1 year	>1 year	Carrying Amount
interest bearing borrowings (including current maturities)and security deposits	404.55	0.84	24.72	584.16	1.014.27
Other habilities	171.91	8.63	1.99		
Trade and other payables	57.94				57.94
Total	634.40	9.47	26.71	584.16	1.254.74

		Asat	As at 31-3-2022		Total/
Particulars	On demand	<6 months	On demand <6 months 6-12 months	>1 year	Camying Amount
Interest bearing horrowings (including current maturities) and security deposits	319.70	36.00	36.00	606.08	
Other Inbilities	104.24	5.99	86.0		111.21
Trade and other payables	82.88		8,7000000000000000000000000000000000000		82.88
Total	506.82	41.99	36.98	80'909	1.191.87

iv. Physical Roks. The company has taken adequate menoy measure pelacy for covering, loss which may be invarred due to risk of theft, ribberry etc. The company provides training to staff for recognising the stalk currenty note for covering loss which may be incarred due to fake currenty.

12 Fair Value Measurements (a) Financial Instruments by category

		31 Mark II 2021	
	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised
Financial Ameto			
Trade Receivables (net of impairment)			696.40
Loans and security deposits			34.2
Cash and cash equivalents			1165
Other Errancial Assets(FDR with Bank)			26.35
			1,079.14
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings			1.014.27
Trade paybles			2564
Other Francial Liabilities			32.30
		ľ	1,072.21

Particulars		31 March 2022	The state of the state of
	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised
Financial Assets			
Frade Receivables(net of unpairment)			15649
Loans and security deposits			325.73
sh and cash equivalents			2.06
Ollver Financial Assets (EDR with Bunk)			27.75
Total		1	1 005 05
inancial Liabilities			
Borrowings			907.78
Trade paybles			56.62
Other Financial Liabilities			26.26
Total		ľ	1.080.66

b) Fair Value hierarchy

Financial assets and liabilities measured at Pair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 1 Level 2 Level 3	Total
As at 31 March 2021	There in	There are no such instruments	framents	
Financial Assets				
Financial Liabilities				
Ao al 31 March 2022	The war	There are no such instruments	froments	
Financial Assets				
Financial Labilities		-		

All assets and labilities for which fare value is measured or disclosed in the francial statements are categorized within the fair value therearchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value Measurement as a whole

Legel F. Level Bireacity includes francial instruments measured using quoted price. This birlands indical equity instruments that have quoted price. Easted and actively fraction on the load quoted closing price on the National Stock Exchange of bala Limited (NSE).

Level 3: The har valve of innoval testiments that are not tooled in active market is cheemined using valuation techniques which maximize the use of observables market data and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an institutent are observable, the institutent is marked in level 3.

Locks, if there is more of the significant imputs is not based on edearcable market data, the instrument is included in local 3. The fair value of the financial assets and labellities intributed and a 3. is demanded on a nordance with growingly accepted praving models based on descounted east flow analysis using prices from observable current meric elemans and belief equive of similar measurements.

There has been no transfer in either direction in this year or the previous year.

d Valuation technique used to determine fair value.

Provit: Valuation technique used to determine fair value.

Provit: Valuation techniques used to lair value the fanancial instruments unchange in the many of the transmission techniques used to lair, the use of quoed market prives.

(0) For Fanancial institutes (public depends, locy, form betweenings) Discounted Cash Floor, appropriate market borrowing rate of entity as on each balance short date used for discounting.

owing rate of the entity a son each balance sheet date is used for discounting. (iii) For financial assets (foans) discounted eash flow; appropriate market brre

d) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortized cost

	31 Man	31 March 2022	Level	31 Ma	31 March 2021
gring)	Carrying	Fair value		Camying	Fair value
nancial Assets					
AI'S	325.73		3	344.54	344.51
ade Receivables(met of imparrment)	649.51		3	090.40	696.40
nancial Liabilities					
sans- Borrowing from banks	773.24	773.24	3	709.72	709.72
ther Borrowings trictuding lease payables	224.54	224.54	3	304.55	304.55
ade Payables	56.62	56.62	3	25.64	25.64
penses and other payables	36.36	26.26	t	13.30	00.66

13

Capital Risk Managoment
For the purposes of the Company's capital measurement, capital includes usued capital cleary premium and all other equaly reserves. Not debt includes, interest bearing hans and terrowings, best took and short term deposits. The primary adjective of the Company's Capital Managoment is to maximize shareholder value.

Definition		
ALVALIATES.	As at 31-3-22 As at 31-3-21	No at 31-3-21
Total debt (other than security deposit)	992.73	1.009.22
less cash and cash equivalents	206	11.65
Net Debt	29 086	407 57
TO I	339.28	352.40
Net debt to equity ratio	2.49	2.83

IND AS 115. Receive to recongrassed upon transfer of control of services to customers in an amount that reduces the consideration, company occurs for volume and after deceivements as well as principle, instruction to consider a consideration of receivements. The company is received to elevate the construction of the present of the construction of the construction

14

Dis-agmegation of Revenue		31.3,2021	1 31.3.2022	
a) Revenue from ticketing tours, vehicle rentals, hotels and other services	ols and other services	Rs. 117.64		
b) Revenue from Segment achievement		Rs. 0		
c) Revenue relating to Productivity Linked Borus/MLB in the area of the ticketing	MLB in the area of the ticketing	Rs. 11.50	17.19	
Contract Balances				
Unearned Revenue shown as current or non current lability -	dability -	Rs. 11.46		
Receivables (Productivity Linked Banus/MLB) - Opening Balance	Opening Balance	Rs. 378.83	284.86	
	Revenue Recognised (Net) Rs. 11.50	Rs. 11.5		

Ckoling Balanze (Net of Payment Received) Ro. 124.86 174.65 As regards above receivables, management has reviewed about impairment and has recognised impairment along with other trade i

1912 AS He. Company had alogned "Ind. As He. Loose" with efect from 14.2039 by applying the same to all loose contracts existing on 1st April, 2019 using the medified refreshed of transferred workers at the instance application the loose fallish was encoured at the prevent does of remaining bytes propriet and right to use asset was rougheed at an amount equal to looke helding just of cramadrave adaptisers for retained contrapy out the clast of tritted spike sizes. All the long form keep agreements mature or promittened during the previous year and accordingly at your end there was no right to use used tas loose labeling.

IMPACT OF GLOBAL PANDEMIC KNOWN AS COVID-19

92

27

hospitality industry has weathered many canastropia cenests such as \$91.1 and the great recession in the year 2008 and in every discurrations. It has defined below and for company has been varied and the great recession in the year 2008 and in every discurrations. It has defined below and for fixed and revisiting its sales sales split explores, company has reduced credit periods. To fund the liquidity whortall for the time being, fresh low cost burnwhigs and share oppid has been raised. Company has assessed the recoverability of recivible and intangels assess by considering internal and external sources of information fixed great response, become for season and industry requires upon to the day and on the date of approach of these firmabilities is coloring to assess the company as well as less first to bring the business to the normality will depend on future developments which are uncertain. The eventual outcome of the global health pandemic may be afficient from those estimated as on the date of approach of these financial results and the company will continue to monitor all material uncertainties and to the changes to the future economic conditions. Global health pandemic covid19 coupled with its new variants has contributed to a significant decline in global and local economic activities. Company's business is also severely impacted. Measures taken to contain the spread of virus including travel bans, quarantines and social/physical distancing worldwide have triggered significant disruptions to company's business leading to operating loss and negative cash flows. However the travel and

OTHER DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY SCHEDULE III TO THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

И

- Disclosure related to utilization of funds borrowed from banks and financial institutions. The company has not taken loan from Bank or Financial institution. Title deeds of Immovable Property not held in name of the Company. Ŧ

 - P
- lamowable property as at year end were held by the company in its own name
 - Revaluation of PPE
- The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Kight-of-Use Assets) or intangible asset.
 - No loans and advances were granted to promoters, directors, KMP and related parties Loans and advances granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and Related Parties

ê

- during the year ē
 - Capital work in progress, intangible assets under development
 - Nil as at year end
 - Benami Properties G
- Borrowings from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets.

ઘ

- Company is not submitting any quarterly return or statements to the Bank as in its opinion there is no requirement for submitting the same due to non involvement of calculation of DP. As no return/statement is being submitted, question of same being in agreement with the books of account of the Company, does
 - Ê
 - Wilful Defaulter
- Company is not declared as a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender Relationship with Struck off Companies
- Company has not done any transaction with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013
- There are no charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period. Compilance with number of layers of companies Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies

3

- Section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017. The company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of

=

- Compliance with approved Scheme(s) of Arrangements
- No such scheme of arrangement during the year Ê ê
- Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium

 by no little have been advanced or launed or muested (either from borrowed little sor share
 premium or any other sources or kind of lunks) by the company to or in any other person(s) or
 entities, including foreign entities ("Internedantes"), with the understanding, whether recorded
 in writing or otherwase, that the intermedancy shall whether directly or indirectly lend or invost
 in other prems or entities identified in any manner whosever by or on behalf of the company
 of the state of

на вез от реголие ану влананске, эксанту от ане име он релан от ан

b) no funds have been received by the company from any person(9) or entity(ies) including foreign entities ("funding Parties") with the understanding whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that such company shall whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the funding party (ultimate beneficiaries) or provide guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate beneficiaries

6

Undisclosed Income:

There were no previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed
is income during the your in the assessments under the Income Tax Art, 1961 (43 of 1961).

Our order Social Responsibility (CSR)

Not Applicable during the year

Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency

Gongaugh has not invested or traded in cypto currency or virtual currency during the year.

AGRING OF TRADLEANABLE

ê ê ç

	200 30 30 30	AGE	AGEING SCHEDULE	JLE	
PARTICULARS	LESS THAN 1 YEAR	1-2 YEARS	MORE THAN 3	MORE THAN 3 YEARS	TOTAL
i) MSMB					
(ii) Others- as at 31.3.2022	47.53	4.89	238	1.82	56.62
Others as at 31.3.2021	20.13	2.45	3.07	0.00	25.64
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME					
(iv) Disputed dues - Others					
TOTAL 31.3.2022	47.53	4.89	2.38	1.82	56.62
Total 31.3.2021	20.13	2.45	3.07	0.00	25.64

S) ACEING OF TRADE RECEIVABLE

PARTICULARS		AGEING	AGEING SCHEDULE AS ON 31.03.2022	AS ON 31.	03.2022	L
	LESS THAN 6 MONTHS	6 MONTHS TO 1 YEAR	1-2 YEARS	MORE THAN 3 1-2 YEARS 2-3 YEARS YEARS	MORE THAN 3	TOTAL
i)Undisputed considered good	143.15	<i>4</i> T4	322	25.50	427.00	PS'1009
Less: provision for doubtful debts					104.12	104.12
Net	143.15	4.17	3.72	25.5	322.88	499.42
ij) Undisputed with significant increase in credit risk						
iii) Undisputed- Credit impaired						
iv)Disputed considered good			14.32	37.96	18.79	150.09
iv)Disputed with significant increase in credit risk						
vi)Undisputed-Cædit Impaired						
TOTAL	143.15	4.17	18.04	63.46	420.69	15:649
Less: Impairment						
NET AMOUNT	143.15	4.17	18.04	63.46	420.69	649.51

PARTICULARS		AGEING	AGEING SCHEDULE AS ON 31.03.2021	AS ON 31.	03.2021	
	LESS THAN 6 MONTHS	6 MONTHS THAN 3 THAN 3 TO 1 YEARS 2-3 YEARS YEARS	1-2 YEARS	2-3 YEARS	MORE THAN 3 YEARS	TOTAL
Undisputed considered good	16.80		31.77	122.69	423.34	648.28

Lyss: provision for doubtful debts	Net (48.3)	il)Undisputed with significant increase in credit risk	iii) Undisputed- Credit impaired	iv)Disputed considered 12.58 good	iv)Disputed with significant increase in credit risk	vi) Undisputed- Credit impaired	TOTAL 80.89	Less: Impairment	NET AMOUNT 8089
	2.17			0.55			222		0.0
	31.77			27.6			41.04		11 01
	122.69			41.19			166.88		88.99
104.12	319.22			85.65			404.87		28 FUE
104.12	544.16			152.24			696.40		606.20

18 Provinos York's figures have boan regrouped, rourranged or recastal wherever considered necessary.

As per our anteriord report of even date
For Annual JATIN & CO.

Rikco Travels and Tours Private Limited
Chartered Accountants
FRR:001857C

Manisha Agas port Manisha Agas port Manisha Agas wal Hen Kumar Non-Executive Chairperson Director DIR: 00453971 DIR: 02130

Hem Kumar Bhargava Dilip termar dog Director Group Company DIN: 03230460 ACS:17572

(Anand Prakash Jain) Proprietor M.NO.-71045

Place: JAIPUR Date: 23/04/2022